

# 20 mm (0.8 inch) Seven Segment Displays

# Technical Data

HDSP-340X Series HDSP-390X Series HDSP-420X Series HDSP-860X Series HDSP-N15X Series

#### **Features**

- Industry Standard Size
- Industry Standard Pinout 15.24 mm (0.6 in.) DIP Leads on 2.54 mm (0.1 in.) Centers
- Choice of Colors Red, AlGaAs Red, High Efficiency Red, Yellow, Green
- Excellent Appearance
  Evenly Lighted Segments
  Mitered Corners on Segments
  Gray Package Gives Optimum
  Contrast
  ± 50° Viewing Angle
- Design Flexibility
  Common Anode or Common
  Cathode
  Left and Right Hand Decimal
  Points
  - ± 1. Overflow Character
- Categorized for Luminous Intensity

Yellow and Green Categorized

for Color

Use of Like Categories Yields a Uniform Display

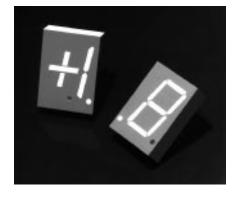
- High Light Output
- High Peak Current
- Excellent for Long Digit String Multiplexing Intensity and Color Selection Option

See Intensity and Color Selected Displays Data Sheet

• Sunlight Viewable AlGaAs

#### **Description**

The 20 mm (0.8 inch) LED seven segment displays are designed for viewing distances up to 10 metres (33 feet). These devices use an industry standard size package and pinout. All devices are available as either common anode or common cathode.



These displays are ideal for most applications. Pin for pin equivalent displays are also available in a low current design. The low current displays are ideal for portable applications. For additional information see the Low Current Seven Segment Displays data sheet.

#### **Devices**

Red	AlGaAs <sup>[1]</sup>	HER	Yellow	Green		Package
HDSP-	HDSP-	HDSP-	HDSP-	HDSP-	Description	Drawing
3400	N150	3900	4200	8600	Common Anode Left Hand Decimal	A
3401	N151	3901	4201	8601	Common Anode Right Hand Decimal	В
3403	N153	3903	4203	8603	Common Cathode Right Hand Decimal	C
3405	N155	3905	4205	8605	Common Cathode Left Hand Decimal	D
3406	N156	3906	4206	8606	Universal $\pm$ 1. Overflow <sup>[2]</sup>	E

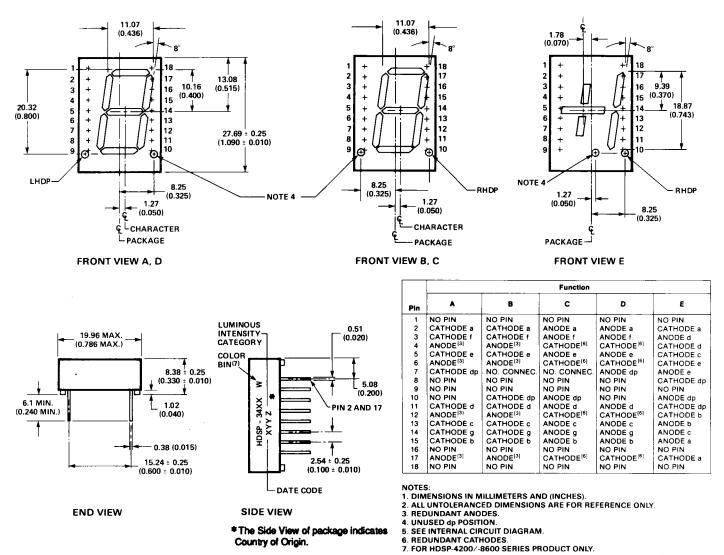
#### Notes:

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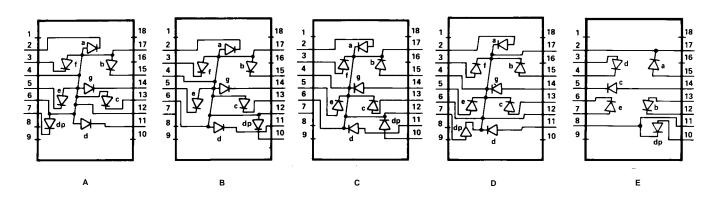
<sup>1.</sup> These displays are recommended for high ambient light operation. Please refer to the HDSP-N10X AlGaAs data sheet for low current operation.

<sup>2.</sup> Universal pinout brings the anode and cathode of each segment's LED out to separate pins. See internal diagram E.

## **Package Dimensions**



#### **Internal Circuit Diagram**



# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Description	Red HDSP-3400 Series	AlGaAs Red HDSP-N150 Series	HER HDSP-3900 Series	Yellow HDSP-4200 Series	Green HDSP-8600 Series	Units	
Average Power per Segment or DP	115	96	105	105	105	mW	
Peak Forward Current per Segment or DP	200[1]	160 <sup>[3]</sup>	135 <sup>[5]</sup>	135 <sup>[5]</sup>	90[7]	mA	
DC Forward Current per Segment or DP	50 <sup>[2]</sup>	40[4]	40[6]	40 <sup>[6]</sup>	30[8]	mA	
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +100	-20 to +100 <sup>[9]</sup>	-40 to -	+100	-40 to +100	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +100						
Reverse Voltage per Segment or DP	3.0						
Lead Solder Temperature for 3 Seconds (1.60 mm [0.063 in.] below seating plane)	260						

#### Notes:

- 1. See Figure 1 to establish pulsed conditions.
- 2. Derate above  $45^{\circ}$ C at 0.83 mA/°C.
- 3. See Figure 2 to establish pulsed conditions.
- 4. Derate above 55°C at 0.8 mA/°C.
- 5. See Figure 7 to establish pulsed conditions.

- 6. Derate above 50°C at 0.73 mA/°C.
- 7. See Figure 8 to establish pulsed conditions.
- 8. Derate above  $50^{\circ}$ C at 0.54 mA/°C.
- 9. For operation below -20°C, contact your local HP components sales office or an authorized distributor.

# Electrical/Optical Characteristics at $T_A = 25$ °C

#### Red

Device Series	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	<b>Test Conditions</b>
	Luminous Intensity/Segment <sup>[1,2]</sup> (Digit Average)	$I_{ m V}$	500	1200		μcd	$I_{\rm F}$ = 20 mA
	Forward Voltage/Segment or DP	$V_{\mathrm{F}}$		1.6	2.0	V	$I_{\rm F}$ = 20 mA
HDSP- 340X	Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_{ ext{PEAK}}$		655		nm	
340A	Dominant Wavelength <sup>[3]</sup>	$\lambda_{ m d}$		640		nm	
	Reverse Voltage/Segment or DP <sup>[4]</sup>	$V_{\mathrm{R}}$	3.0	20		V	$I_R = 100  \mu A$
	Temperature Coefficient of $V_F/Segment$ or $DP$	$\Delta V_F/^{\circ}C$		-2		mV/°C	
	Thermal Resistance LED Junction-to-Pin	$R\theta_{J ext{-PIN}}$		375		°C/W	

### AlGaAs Red

Device Series	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
	Luminous Intensity/Segment <sup>[1,2,5]</sup> (Digit Average)	$I_{V}$	6.0	14.0		mcd	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
	Forward Voltage/Segment or DP	17		1.8		V	$I_{\rm F} = 20 \text{ mA}$
HDSP-	Polward voltage/segment of Dr	$V_{ m F}$		2.0	3.0	V	$I_{\rm F} = 100 \text{ mA}$
N15X	Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_{ ext{PEAK}}$		645		nm	
	Dominant Wavelength <sup>[3]</sup>	$\lambda_{ m d}$		637		nm	
	Reverse Voltage/Segment or DP <sup>[4]</sup>	$V_{R}$	3.0	15		V	$I_R = 100  \mu A$
		$\Delta V_F$ /°C		-2		mV/°C	
	Thermal Resistance LED Junction-to-Pin	$ m R heta_{J ext{-PIN}}$		430		°C/W/ Seg	

# High Efficiency Red

Device Series	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
	Luminous Intensity/Segment <sup>[1,2]</sup>	$I_{V}$	3350	7000		μcd	$I_F = 100$ mA Peak: 1 of 5 df
	(Digit Average)			4800		μcd	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
HDSP-	Forward Voltage/Segment or DP	$V_{\mathrm{F}}$		2.6	3.5	V	$I_{\rm F}$ = 100 mA
390X	Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_{ ext{PEAK}}$		635		nm	
	Dominant Wavelength <sup>[3]</sup>	$\lambda_{ m d}$		626		nm	
	Reverse Voltage/Segment or DP <sup>[4]</sup>	$V_{\mathrm{R}}$	3.0	25		V	$I_R = 100  \mu A$
	Temperature Coefficient of V <sub>F</sub> /Segment or DP	$\Delta V_F$ /°C		-2		mV/°C	
	Thermal Resistance LED Junction-to-Pin	$R\theta_{J ext{-PIN}}$		375		°C/W/ Seg	

#### Yellow

Device Series	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
	Luminous Intensity/Segment <sup>[1,2]</sup> (Digit Average)	$I_{\mathrm{V}}$	2200	7000		μcd	$I_F = 100$ mA Peak: 1 of 5 df
	(Digit Average)			3400		μcd	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
HDSP-	Forward Voltage/Segment or DP	$V_{\mathrm{F}}$		2.6	3.5	V	$I_F = 100 \text{ mA}$
420X	Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_{ ext{PEAK}}$		583		nm	
	Dominant Wavelength <sup>[3,6]</sup>	$\lambda_{ m d}$	581.5	586	592.5	nm	
	Reverse Voltage/Segment or DP <sup>[4]</sup>	$V_{R}$	3.0	25.0		V	$I_R = 100 \mu A$
		$\Delta V_F$ /°C		-2		mV/°C	
	Thermal Resistance LED Junction-to-Pin	$ m R heta_{J ext{-PIN}}$		375		°C/W/ Seg	

#### Green

Device Series	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
	I	т	680	1500		μcd	$I_{\rm F} = 10 \text{ mA}$
	Luminous Intensity/Segment <sup>[1,2]</sup> (Digit Average)`	$I_{ m V}$		1960		μcd	$I_F = 50$ mA Peak: 1 of 5 df
	Forward Voltage/Segment or DP	$V_{ m F}$		2.1	2.5	V	$I_{\rm F} = 10 \text{ mA}$
HDSP- 860X	Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_{ ext{PEAK}}$		566		nm	
800A	Dominant Wavelength <sup>[3,6]</sup>	$\lambda_{ m d}$		571	577	nm	
	Reverse Voltage/Segment or DP <sup>[4]</sup>	$V_{R}$	3.0	50.0		V	$I_R = 100 \mu A$
	$\begin{tabular}{ll} Temperature Coefficient of \\ V_F/Segment or DP \end{tabular}$	$\Delta V_F$ /°C		-2		mV/°C	
	Thermal Resistance LED Junction-to-Pin	$R\theta_{J ext{-PIN}}$		375		°C/W/ Seg	

- 1. Case temperature of the device immediately prior to the intensity measurement is  $25^{\circ}\mathrm{C}.$
- 2. The digits are categorized for luminous intensity. The intensity category is designated by a letter on the side of the package. 3. The dominant wavelength,  $\lambda_d$ , is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and is that single wavelength which defines the color of
- 4. Typical specification for reference only. Do not exceed absolute maximum ratings.
  5. For low current operation, the AlGaAs Red HDSP-N100 series displays are recommended. They are tested at 1 mA dc/segment and are pin for pin compatible with the HDSP-N150 series.
- 6. The Yellow (HDSP-4200) and Green (HDSP-8600) displays are categorized for dominant wavelength. The category is designated by a number adjacent to the luminous intensity category letter.

#### Red, AlGaAs Red

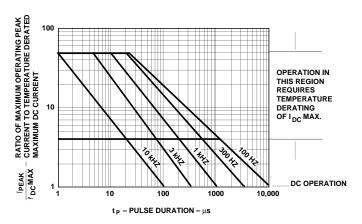


Figure 1. Maximum Allowable Peak Current vs. Pulse Duration – Red.

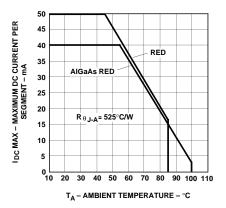


Figure 3. Maximum Allowable DC Current vs. Ambient Temperature.

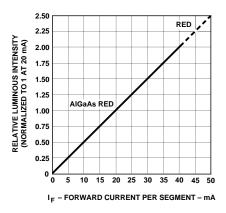


Figure 5. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. DC Forward Current.

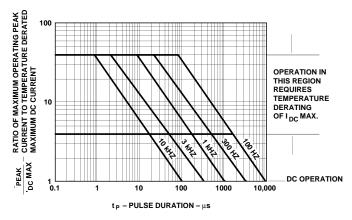


Figure 2. Maximum Allowed Peak Current vs. Pulse Duration – AlGaAs Red.

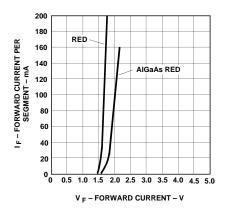


Figure 4. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage.

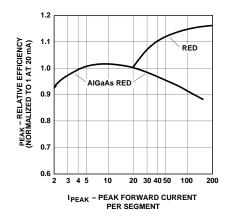
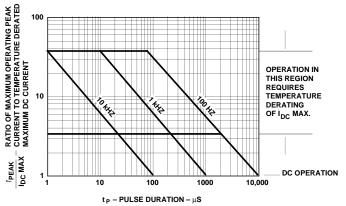


Figure 6. Relative Efficiency (Luminous Intensity per Unit Current) vs. Peak Current.

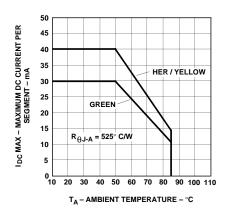
#### HER, Yellow, Green



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Figure 7. Maximum Allowed Peak Current vs. Pulse Duration – HER, Yellow.

Figure 8. Maximum Allowed Peak Current vs. Pulse Duration – Green.



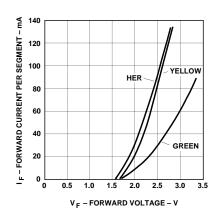
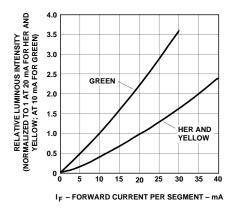


Figure 9. Maximum Allowable DC Current vs. Ambient Temperature.

Figure 10. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage.



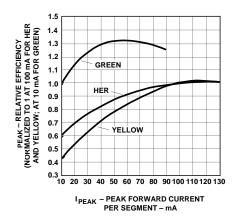


Figure 11. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. DC Forward Current.

Figure 12. Relative Efficiency (Luminous Intensity per Unit Current) vs. Peak Current.

#### **Contrast Enhancement**

For information on contrast enhancement please see Application Note 1015.

## Soldering/Cleaning

Cleaning agents from the ketone family (acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, etc.) and from the chlorinated hydrocarbon family (methylene chloride, trichloroethylene, carbon tetrachloride, etc.) are not recommended for cleaning LED parts. All of these various solvents attack or dissolve the encapsulating epoxies used to form the package of plastic LED parts.

For information on soldering LEDs please refer to Application Note 1027.